

Primary Frequency Standard



Key Features

- Easy to use with automatic startup and intuitive menu structure
- Fast Warm up ± 5.0E-13 accuracy in 30 minutes or less for High Performance tube
- Integrated clock and message displays
- Multiple timing and frequency inputs outputs with easy access at front and rear
- Automatic synchronization of 1 PPS signal
- Remote interface and control including alarm output
- CE Compliant

Key Benefits

- Maintains exceptional accuracy and stability even in unstable environments -Unsurpassed Stability in the Lab or Field
- Accuracy ±1.0E-12 for Standard Performance; ±5.0E-13 for High Performance
- Stability <1.2E-11 for Standard Performance; <5.0E-12 for High Performance [for 1 second averaging time]
- Environmental Stability ±1.0 E-13 for Standard Performance; ±8.0 E-14 for High Performance [Frequency change for any combination of Environmental Conditions]
- Long Term Stability <5.0 E-14 for Standard Performance; <1.0 E-14 for High Performance [for 5-day averaging time]
- Proven Reliability with an average mean time between failures (MTBF) of greater than 160,000 hours
- Full traceability to NIST
- AC and DC input and Internal battery back-up

The 5071A primary frequency standard has the accuracy and stability you need for both laboratory and field applications. A stability specification for 30-day averaging time means the 5071A will keep extremely predictable time and phase for long periods. Further, the 5071A can be used for long-term averaging of noisy signals such as GPS.

The 5071A is easy to use. No more manual start-up steps or complicated adjustments—everything is automatic. A logical menu structure simplifies front panel operations, selections, and status reporting. Remote control features tailor the 5071A for complete operation and manageability in virtually any location.

The 5071A is a direct descendant of and replacement for the veteran 5060A, 5061A and 5061B cesium standards. This innovative product is the result of more than 35 years of experience in the precision frequency standard business.

5071A-Meeting the Needs of Leading-Edge Metrology and Calibration Labs

Timekeeping and National Standards
Laboratories verify the stability and
accuracy of their in-house cesium
standards to Coordinated Universal Time
(UTC), provided by the Bureau International
des Poids et Mesures (BIPM) in Paris.
A standard's accuracy and reliability
determine the quality of service these
timekeeping labs provide. Of even greater
concern is the stability of a standard.
Stability directly affects a laboratory's ability
to deliver timekeeping and calibration
services to its clients.

The 5071A offers exceptional stability and is the first cesium standard to specify its stability for averaging times longer than one day. The instrument takes into account environmental conditions that can heavily influence a cesium standard's long-term stability. Digital electronics continuously monitor and optimize the instrument's operating parameters.

Thus, the 5071A's response to environmental conditions such as temperature and humidity are virtually eliminated. The 5071A primary frequency standard maintains its accuracy and stability, even in unstable environments.

Satellite Communications

Stable frequency generation is required to transmit and receive signals properly between ground terminals and communication satellites. Frequency flexibility is also needed to adjust for satellite-to-satellite carrier-frequency differences. The 5071A's state-of-the-art technology produces offset and primary frequencies with the same guaranteed stability.

For secure communications, precise timing synchronization ensures that encrypted data can be recovered quickly. Frequency-agile signals also require exact synchronization between transmitter and receiver during channel hops.

The 5071A automates the synchronization to any external 1PPS signal, greatly simplifying this aspect of satellite communications.

The 5071A and GPS

The 5071A primary frequency standard can work very well with a GPS timing receiver to produce and maintain highly accurate time and frequency.

The GPS system provides accurate time, frequency, and location information worldwide by means of microwave radio broadcasts from a system of satellites. Timing accuracy for the GPS system is based, in large part, on the accuracy and stability of a number of 5071A primary frequency standards. These standards are maintained by the GPS system, the US Naval Observatory, and various timing laboratories around the world which contribute to UTC, the world time scale.

Because of their accurate time reference, GPS signals processed by a good GPS timing receiver can provide highly accurate time and frequency outputs. However, since GPS receivers rely on very low level microwave signals from the satellites, they sometimes lose accuracy because of interfering signals, local antenna problems, or bad satellite data.

In spite of these problems, a GPS timing receiver can be an excellent backup and reference to a local 5071A primary frequency standard. The GPS receiver provides an independent reference that can be used to verify the accuracy of a caesium standard, or it can be used as a temporary backup should the cesium standard need repair. The local 5071A standard has better stability, better output signal quality, and is not perturbed by interfering signals, intermittent signal loss, or bad satellite data.

With these characteristics, the synergy created by combining a good quality GPS timing receiver and a 5071A primary frequency standard can produce a highly robust, inexpensive, and redundant frequency and time system.

Exceptional Accuracy

The intrinsic accuracy of the improved cesium beam tube (CBT) assures that any high performance 5071A will power up to within ±5.0E-13 of the accepted standard for frequency. This is achieved under full environmental conditions in 30 minutes or less—and without the need for any adjustments or alignments.

Unsurpassed Stability

The 5071A high performance cesium beam tube guarantees stability to be better than 1 part in 10¹⁴ for averaging times of five days or greater. The 5071A is the first cesium standard to specify stability for averaging times longer than 1.0E + 5 seconds (approximately one day).

The 5071A is also the first cesium standard to specify and guarantee a flicker floor. Flicker floor is the point at which the standard's stability $[\sigma_{_{\gamma}} \, [2,\tau]]$ does not change with longer averaging. The high performance 5071A Flicker floor is guaranteed to be 1 part in 10^{14} or better. Long-term measurements at the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) show that the flicker floor is typically better than 5.0E-15.

Unstable environments are normal for many cesium standard applications. The 5071A features a number of microprocessor-controlled servo loops which allow it to virtually ignore changes in temperature, humidity, and magnetic fields

The 5071A delivers exceptional performance over very long periods of time, greatly increasing the availability of critical time and frequency services. Actual measurements made at NIST have demonstrated that a 5071A with the High-Performance CBT will drift no more than 5.0E-14 over the entire life of the CBT.

Traditional Reliability

The 5071A has demonstrated an average mean time between failures (MTBF) of greater than 160,000 hours since its introduction in 1992. This data is based on actual field repair data. Backing up this reliability is a 10-year warranty on the standard long-life cesium beam tube and a 5-year warranty for the high performance tube.

Complete repair and maintenance services are available at our repair center in Beverly, Massachusetts.

Full Traceability to NIST

Microsemi® provides NIST traceability to the accuracy measurements made on every 5071A. Traceability to NIST is maintained through the NIST-supplied Time Measurement and Analysis System (TMAS). This service exceeds the requirements of MIL-STD-45662A and can be a valuable tool in demonstrating traceability to your customers.

Straightforward Operation

Internal microprocessor control makes start-up and operation of the 5071A extremely simple. Once connected to an ac or dc power source, the 5071A automatically powers up to its full accuracy specifications. No adjustments or alignments are necessary during power-up or operation for the life of the cesium tube.

An intuitive menu structure is accessible via the front panel LCD display and keypad. These menus—Instrument State, Clock Control, Instrument Configuration, Event Log, Frequency Offset and Utilities—logically report status and facilitate control of the instrument. These functions are described below.

Instrument State

Overall status is displayed, including any warnings in effect. Key instrument parameters such as C-field current, electron multiplier voltage, ion pump current, and cesium beam tube oven voltage are available. You can initiate a hard copy report of this data on your printer with the push of a button.

Clock Control

Set the time and date, schedule leapseconds, adjust the epoch time (in 50 ns steps), and automatically synchronize the 1PPS signal to within 50 ns of an external pulse using this menu.

Instrument Configuration
Set the instrument mode (normal or standby) and assign frequencies (5 or 10 MHz) to the two independently programmable output ports; configure the RS-232C data port.

Event Log

Significant internal events (power source changes, hardware failures, warning conditions) are automatically recorded with the time and date of their occurrence. A single keystroke produces a hard copy on your printer for your records.

Frequency Offset (Settability)
Output frequencies may be offset by as much as 1 part in 10° in steps of approximately 6.3 parts in 10¹5. All product stability and output specifications apply to the offset frequency.

Utilities

The firmware revision level and cesium beam tube identification information can be displayed.

High Performance Cesium Beam Tube

The 5071A high performance cesium beam tube is optimal for the most demanding operations. The high performance tube offers a full-environment accuracy specification of ±5.0E-13 – two times better than the specification for the standard tube. Stability is also significantly improved. The high performance tube reaches a flicker floor of 1.0E-14 or better, and long-term measurements at NIST show that the flicker floor is typically better than 5.0E-15.

Integrated Systems and Remote Operation

Today, cesium standards are often integrated into telecommunication, satellite communication, or navigation systems as master clocks. To accommodate these environments, the 5071A provides complete remote control and monitoring capabilities. Instrument functions and parameters can be interrogated programmatically.

Communication is accomplished via the standard commands for programmable instruments (SCPI) language and a dedicated RS-232C port. Also, a rear panel logic output can be programmed to signal when user-defined "abnormal" conditions exist.

For uninterruptible system service, an internal battery provides 45 minutes of backup in case of ac power failure. Thus, the 5071A can be managed easily even in the most remote locations.

Specifications

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

• Frequency outputs (4)
Frequency [2] 5 MHz, 10 MHz*

Format Sine Amplitude ≥1Vrms Harmonic <-40 dBc Non harmonic <-80 dBc Connector Ν Load impedance 50Ω Location rear panel ≥110 dB (typical) Isolation between ports

Frequency [1] 100 kHz & [1] 1 MHz

Format Sine Amplitude ≥1 Vrms Harmonic <-40 dBc Load impedance 50Ω Location rear panel BNC Connector • Timing outputs (3) 1PPS Format 1PPS ≥2.4 V into 50Ω Amplitude

(TTL Compatible)

Pulse width $20 \mu s$ Rise time $\leq 5 ns$

(slew rate >10-9 volt/second at 1.5 V)

Location One front panel

Two rear panel Timing Outputs

Automatic synchronization to within 50 ns of

reference pulse

• Sync input (2) 1 PPS

(each may be independently armed)

Amplitude +2 to +10 V Max

Pulse width 100 ns min to 100 µs max

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Rise time} & <50 \ \mbox{ns} \\ \mbox{Jitter} & <1 \ \mbox{ns rms} \\ \mbox{Connector} & \mbox{BNC} \\ \mbox{Load impedance} & 50 \end{tabular}$

Location One front panel

One rear panel

Manual sync

Range -0.5 to +0.5 sResolution 50 ns

- * Each output can be set to either 5 or 10 MHz from the front panel or by remote control.
- ** Lifetime accuracy (high performance CBT only) after a minimum two-month warm-up. Change no more than 5.0E-14 for the life of the CBT.

REMOTE SYSTEM INTERFACE AND CONTROL

• RS-232-C (DTE Configuration) Complete remote control and interrogation of

all instrument functions and parameters
Standard Commands for Programmable

Software command set: Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI), version 1990.0 adapted for

BS-333C

Connector 9-pin male rectangular D subminiature type

Location rear panel Alarm (TTL) BNC

Output TTL High, normal

TTL Low, fault

Circuit is TTL open collector with internal pull-up resistor. Circuit can sink up

to 10mA

100,000

Location rear panel

Accuracy and long term stability**

Conditions - and any combination of

Temperature 0°C to 50°C Humidity 0 to 85% [40°C max]

Magnetic field DC, 55, 60Hz, 2G peak any orientation

Shock and vibration 100-mm drop

	Standard Performance	High Performance
Accuracy	±1.0E-12	±5.0E-13
Frequency change vs		
environment	±1.0E-13	±8.0E-14
Warm-up time (typical)	30 Min	30 Min
Reproducibility	±1.0E-13	±1.0E-13
Settability		
Range	±1.0E-9	±1.0E-9
Resolution	6.3E-15	6.3E-15
Control:	via RS-232 port	
• Stability	Standard Performance	High Performance
Avg. Time (s)	Allan Deviation	Allan Deviation
0.01	≤7.5E-11	≤7.5E-11
0.1	≤1.2E-11	≤1.2E-11
1	≤1.2E-11	≤5.0E-12
10	≤8.5E-12	≤3.5E-12
100	≤2.7E-12	≤8.5E-13
1,000	≤8.5E-13	≤2.7E-13
10,000	≤2.7E-13	≤8.5E-14
100,000	≤8.5E-14	≤2.7E-14
5 days	≤5.0E-14	≤1.0E-14
30 days	≤5.0E-14	≤1.0E-14
Flicker floor		
Guaranteed	≤5.0E-14	≤1.0E-14
Typical	≤1.5E-14	≤5.0E-15
SSB Phase noise		
Offset (Hz)	10 MHz Output	5 MHz Output
1	<-100dBc	<-106dBc
10	<-130dBc	<-136dBc
100	<-145dBc	<-145dBc
1,000	<-150dBc	<-150dBc
10,000	<-154dBc	<-154dBc

≤-154dBc

<-154dBc

Specifications

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

• General environment

Temperature

Operating 0°C to 55°C Non-operating -40°C to 70°C

Humidity 0 to 95% RH (45°C max)

Magnetic field DC, 55, 60Hz 0 to 2 gauss peak - any orientation Atmospheric pressure ≤1.0E-13 change in frequency for pressure down

to 19 kPa (equivalent to an altitude of 12.2 km)

Shock and vibration

Mil-T-28800D, Type III, class 5

Hammer Blow Shock Test, Mil-S-901C, Grade A, Class 1, Type A

Mile-STD, 167-1 (phase noise)

EMI: Conducted and radiated emissions per CISPR

11/EN 55011, Group 1, Class A

EMC: per MIL-STD-461C, Part 7, Class B DC magnetic

field up to 7.8 Gauss

• AC Power requirements

100, 120 VAC ±10%, 45 to 440 Hz Operating voltage

220, 240 VAC ±10%, 45 to 66 Hz

45 to 440 Hz Frequency

45 to 66 Hz

Power

50 W (Standard Performance) Operating

58 W (High Performance)

100 W Warm-up

• DC Power requirements

22 to 42 VDC

Operating 45 W (Standard Performance)

50 W (High Performance)

Warm-up 85 W

Internal Standby battery

Capacity 45 minutes from full charge

Charge time 16 hours max from fully discharged state

Charge source AC input power supply

• Dimensions/weight

Height 133 4 mm Width 425.5 mm 523.9 mm Depth Weight 30 kg MTBF >160,000 hrs. **ORDERING INFORMATION**

High Performance Tube Standard Performance Tube

High Performance Tube with 48 VDC Option Standard Performance Tube with 48 VDC Option Part No

5071A-C001 5071A-C002

5071A-C007

5071A-C008



Rear View



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